
Submitted by JUAN MANUEL DAZA-R., Museo Herpetológico de Antioquia, Instituto de Biología, Bloque 7-121, Universidad de Antioquia, A.A. 1226, Medellín, Colombia; juanda325@hotmail.com.

DRYMACHEON CAUDOMACULATUS. VENEZUELA: ZULIA: Municipio Machiques de Perijá, San José de Perijá, Hacienda San Sebastián (9°59’N, 72°24’W), 07 May 2004. E. Infante Rivero and P. Velozo Delgado. Museo de Biología de La Universidad del Zulia, Maracaibo, Venezuela (MUBLZ-R-0835). Verified by M. Natera. D. caudomaculatus has been considered an endemic species of the Falcón state in Venezuela, with its distribution restricted to one small area of this state in the northwest of the country (Wüster et al. 2001, Herpetol. J. 11:157–165). This is the first state record for Zulia and the westernmost locality, extending the known distribution ca. 337 km (air line) SW of the nearest locality in Tararara, Falcón state, (Wüster et al., op. cit.). Submitted by EDWIN E. INFANTE-CHIVERO (e-mail: edwindante@yahoo.com), PABLO VELOSO DELGADO (e-mail: pabius@hotmail.com), and FERNANDO J. M. ROJAS-ROJAS (e-mail: rojas_fernando@hotmail.com), La Universidad del Zulia, Facultad Experimental de Ciencias, Museo de Biología de La Universidad del Zulia, Sección de Herpetología, Apartado Postal 526, Maracaibo 4011, Venezuela.

DRYMACHEON CORAIS EREBBENUS (Texas Indigo Snake). USA: TEXAS: BANDERA CO.: Adult male 268 cm TL was found and killed by a visitor at Lost Maples State Park on 19 February 2001. Other specimens have been occasionally found DOR (in the vicinity, but this is the first known specimen to be salvaged and vouchedered). University of Texas at Arlington Collection of Vertebrates (UTACV R.52917). Verified by Harry W. Greene. New county record (Dixon 2000, Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas, A&M University Press, 421 pp.). Submitted by CARL J. FRANKLIN, Amphibian and Reptile Diversity Research Center, The University of Texas at Arlington, Department of Biology, Arlington, Texas 76019, USA; e-mail: Franklin@uta.edu.

FARANICA ABACURA REINWARTDII (Western Mudsnake). USA: TEXAS: SAN PATRICIO CO.: 11.27 km W of Aransas Pass on State Highway 35 (27°56’03”N, 97°15’05”W), 9 June 2003. M.R.J. Forstner. Verified by J. R. Dixon. Texas A&M University, Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collection. TCWC 88276. New county record (Dixon 2000). Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas, Texas A&M University Press, College Station, Texas, 421 pp.). This adult male was found dead on the shoulder of State Highway 35 at midmorning. The specimen had a snout–vent length of 802.0 mm and a tail length of 173.0 mm. Muscle tissue was removed and placed in the frozen tissue collection at Texas State University–San Marcos (MF9639) and the specimen itself was preserved (MJJ 10627) and accessioned into the Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collection (TCWC 88276) at Texas A&M University in College Station, Texas.

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